or how to get from this:

or how to get from this:



or how to get from this:



to this:

or how to get from this:



to this:



or how to get from this:



to this:





Joint work with:

And many others (in alphabetical order):





Achilles Benetopoulos Lazar Cvetkovic





Nikos Vasilakis



Michael Greenberg







Shivam Handa Konstantinos Mamouras Martin Rinard

Used by everyone!

- Orchestration
 - Kubernetes deployment
 - Docket containers ...
- Data processing:
 - Downloading
 - Extracting
 - Preprocessing
 - Querying
- Automation Tasks
 - Configuration
 - Installation

Check all possible clusters, as your .KUBECONFIG may have multiple contexts: kubectl config view o jsonpath='{"Cluster name\tServer\n"}{range .clusters[*]}{.name}{"\t"}{.cluster.server}{"\n"}{end}'

Select name of cluster you want to interact with from above output: export CLUSTER_NAME="some_server_name"

Point to the API server referring the cluster name
APISERVER=\$(kubectl config view -o jsonpath="{.clusters[?(@.name==\"\$CLUSTER_NAME\")].cluster.server}")

Gets the token value

TOKEN=\$(kubectl get secrets -o jsonpath="{.items[?(@.metadata.annotations['kubernetes\.io/serviceaccount\.name']=='default')].data.token}"|base64 --decode)

Explore the API with TOKEN

curl -X GET \$APISERVER/api --header "Authorization: Bearer \$TOKEN" --insecure

```
base="ftp://ftp.ncdc.noaa.gov/pub/data/noaa";
for y in {2015..2019}; do
  curl $base/$y | grep gz | tr -s" " | cut -d" " -f9 |
  sed "s;^;$base/$y/;" | xargs -n 1 curl -s | gunzip |
  cut -c 89-92 | grep -iv 999 | sort -rn | head -n 1 |
  sed "s/^/Maximum temperature for $y is: /"
done
```

```
echo "Building parser..."
eval $(opam config env)
cd compiler/parser
echo "|-- installing opam dependencies..."
make opam-dependencies
echo "|-- making libdash..."
make libdash
echo "|-- making parser..."
make
cd ../../
echo "Building runtime..."
cd runtime/ ; make ; cd ../
```

The Problem

Shell scripts are mostly sequential! :'(

But it requires manual effort:

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- Using semi-automatic restricted parallelization tools (e.g., GNU parallel)
- Manually parallelizing using the background (&) operator
- Manually parallelizing by rewriting parts of a script in parallel frameworks (e.g., MR)





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3. Arbitrary black-box commands:

- Shell commands are written in arbitrary languages and are constantly updated or modified
- This makes an automated command analysis infeasible and a one-time manual analysis useless







A tool that:





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• exposes latent data parallelism in shell scripts





A tool that:

- exposes latent data parallelism in shell scripts
- is a lightweight layer on top of bash





PaSh







pash_runtime

10
1
1.5
1



































High speedups!!!



Average: 6.56x, Maximum: 15.81x, Minimum: 0.89x

Come chat 😳

- If you want to learn more
- If you are interested in trying out PaSh
- If you have long running scripts that might benefit from parallelism
- If you would like to collaborate

Come and chat in the poster session $\ensuremath{\mathfrak{S}}$